

Physics 11 Unit 3 Energy Year end Review sheet

Name: _____

➤ $KE = E_K = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$

➤ $PE = E_p = mgh$

➤ $W = F d$

➤ $P = W/t$

➤ $E_i = E_f$

➤ $Eff = \text{useful/total}$

➤ $\text{Total cost} = \# \text{ of kilowatt hours} \times \text{cost per kilowatt hour}$

1. How much power does it take to lift a 57 kg box up 1.4 m in 1.5 seconds.

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{(57)(9.8)(1.4)}{1.5} = 521 \text{ Watts}$$

2. How much useful power does a 1200 W motor produce if it is 60% efficient?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{useful power} &= \text{total} \times \text{eff} \\ &= 1200 \times 0.6 = 720 \text{ Watts} \end{aligned}$$

3. What is the KE of a 1150 kg car travelling at 25 m/s?

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2 = (0.5)(1150)(25)^2 = 359,375 \text{ Joules}$$

4. How much energy in Joules does a 100 W bulb use in 3 hours? _____ = 10,800 J

$$E = \text{Power} \times \text{time} = 100 \times 10,800 = 10,800,000 \text{ J} \\ 10.8 \text{ MJ}$$

5. How many kilowatts is 2000 W?

$$2 \text{ kW}$$

6. How many kilowatts is 60 W?

$$\frac{60}{1000} = .06 \text{ kW}$$

7. How many kilowatt hours of energy does a 60 W light bulb use in 8 hours?

$$.06 \text{ kW} \times 8 \text{ hours} = 0.48 \text{ kWh}$$

8. If you use your 1600 W toaster 30 mins a day, how many kilowatt hours of energy does it use in a month? If you pay 7 cents for a kilowatt hour of energy, how much does it cost to run your toaster?

$$1.6 \text{ kW} \times 15 \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{time} = (.5) \times 30 \text{ days} = 15 \text{ hours}$$

$$= 24 \text{ kWh}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ \times 7¢ = \$1.68 \end{array}$$

9. How much does it cost to leave the front porch light on each night for a month. Assume a four 13 watt bulbs, 8 hours a night, 30 days, and 7 cents per kilowatt hour.

$$\downarrow$$
$$52 \text{ W} = .052 \text{ kW} \quad \text{240 hrs.}$$

$$.052 \text{ kW} \times 240 \text{ hrs} = 12.48 \text{ kWh}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \times \\ 7¢ = \$0.87 \end{array}$$

10. A 1500 kg car starts rolling (from rest) down a 16 m high hill. Assuming no energy is lost on the way down, how fast is the car going at the bottom?

$$E_i = E_f$$

$$PE = KE$$

$$(1500)(9.8)(16) = \frac{1}{2}(1500)(v)^2$$

$$v = 17.7 \text{ m/s}$$

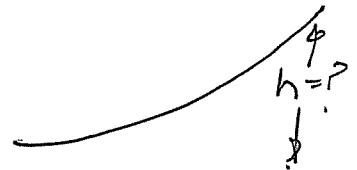
11. A 2800 kg car travelling at 120 km/hr approaches a hill and rolls to the top. During the journey to the top, 900,000 J of energy are converted to heat. How far up the hill does the car roll?

33.3 m/s.

$$KE_i = PE_f + \text{Heat}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(2800)(33.3)^2 = (2800)(9.8)(h) + 900,000$$

$$h = 23.9 \text{ m}$$



12. How much energy is needed to raise the temp of a 56.8 Kg of water by 15 C

$$E = mc\Delta T$$

$$= (56.8)(4200)(15)$$

$$= 3,578,400 \text{ J}$$

~~1800~~